

WANO

... Wano, spoken by small populations on the upper Rouffaer.

...

- Bromley 1967:229.

Wano is spoken on the north side of the Jamo valley, a fringe area of low population density and much poly-lingualism. The name Wano is used both by speakers of the language and others to identify them. It probably constitutes a separate sub-family within the greater Dani family, but further study may put it within the central Dani sub-family.

- Bromley 1973:6.

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Wano is spoken by about 1,500 people living on the north side of the Yamo River valley. ...

- Voorhoeve 1975b:404.

+ 1500 [speakers]

Dialects: ?

Villages: ?

- Voorhoeve 1975f:37.

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The Wano, though dispersed over a rather large area, are the / least in number of all members of the Greater Dani family. They occupy areas on the north side of the Jamo of [sic] the upper Rouffaer, and are also found in scattered pockets to as far north of Jamo as where the foothills join the Lakes Plains, and west of Jamo on into the lower Dugindoga. They number about 3,000.

- Larson 1977:6-7.

... Wano is the smallest of the Greater Dani subfamilies. It is spoken by about 3,500 persons living mainly in rough terrain on the north side of the Yamo, but also in small pockets west to the Lower Dugindoga and north to where the highlands join the swamplands of the Lake Plains area. ...

- Larson 1987:8.

The Dem and Damal are wedged between the more numerous Dani and EkWoMo in rugged terrain on both sides of the range. The former are generally paired with the Wano with whom they live in close proximity in the Lower Yamo. They are few in number, settled in small pockets between long stretches of forest, and peripheral to the larger populations of the area. Damal speakers are concentrated in the larger Ilaga and Beoga Valleys north of the range. South of the range they are scattered in smaller settlements throughout an area of rushing streams and steep forested, mountainous terrain which extends east to west from Nduga territory into that of the Moni, a distance of over 120 miles ...

- Larson 1987:9.

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Wano (Waano)

POP: +/- 3,000-3,500

LOC: Central Highlands area on upper Rouffaer River basin north of Western Dani, north and east of Dem

- Silzer & Heikkinen 1984:87.

(Waano)

3,000-5,000

LOC: Central highlands area on upper Rouffaer River basin north of Western Dani, north and east of Dem

- Silzer & Clouse 1991:83.

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Wano: 3,000 to 3,500 speakers reported in 1987, on the upper Rouffaer River in the central highlands.

- Comrie 1992f:338.

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Central highlands area on upper Rouffaer River basin north of Western Dani, south of Dem. ...

- Grimes 1992:584.

WANO ... 3,500 (1993 R. Doriot UFM). Central highlands area on upper Rouffaer River basin north of Western Dani, south of Dem. ...

- Grimes 1996.

WANO ... 3,500 (1993 R. Doriot UFM). Central highlands area on upper Rouffaer River basin north of Damal, northwest of Dem, south of Kirikiri. Linguistic affiliation: Trans-New Guinea, Main Section, Central and Western, Dani-Kwerba, Southern, Wano. ...

- Grimes 2000.

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WANO	Bromley 1967, 1973; Wurm 1971
WANO	3,000 Greater Dani (Larson
WANO	1,500 ISO (Voorhoeve 1975, Wurm
	& Hattori 1981)
WANO	1,500 Great Dani (Wurm 1982)
WANO	1,500 Dani (Foley 1986)
WANO	3,500 Larson 1987
WANO	3-5,000 Great Dani (Silzer &
WANO	3,000-3,500 Great Dani (Silzer &
	Heikkinen 1984, Grimes
WANO	3,000-3,500 (1987) Comrie 1992f
WANO	3,500 ISOLATE (Grimes 1996,
WAANO = WANO	Silzer & Heikkinen 1984, Silzer &
WONI	Salzner 1960
WONO = WONI	Salzner 1960
Bigasiga -- WANO	Silzer & Clouse 1991
JAMO, LOWER -- d of WANO	Larson 1977
Yamo, Lower -- DEM/WANO	Larson 1987
Lumo -- WANO	Silzer & Clouse 1991
Rouffaer, Upper -- WANO &	
DEM	Bromley 1967
TURUMO -- d of WANO	Larson 1977
Weri -- WANO	Silzer & Clouse 1991
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